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The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XXIII. CHICAGO, MONDAY, JULY 5, 1869. NUMBER 5.

WASHINGTON.

Favorable Reports from the National Banks Under the Last Call.

Report of the Deputy Special Revenue Commissioner.

Interesting Commercial Statistics.

Copy of Mr. Borie's Letter of Resignation.

General Warren's Report on the Union Pacific Railroad.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 4.

NATIONAL BANK REPORTS.

The reports of the National Banks under the call for the 15th of June have mostly been received at the office of the Comptroller of the Currency. They show that a large number of the banks are doing their business honestly—the proportion of those which have deficiencies in their reserve funds being comparatively small. The fact that so many of them make such a good exhibit when the condition of affairs, if we understand, to the Comptroller. The returns for the whole country have not yet been tabulated, but some of the results in New York and Boston, the chief money centres, can be stated. Returns from all banks in those two cities have been received. In some instances the banks have simply declared a dividend, but in the majority of cases the requirements of the law, and the banks are fully as strong in every respect as they were on the 15th of April, when the former call was made. A comparison of these two reports shows that from April 15 to June 15, there was an increase of loans by the New York banks of more than $1,400,000, and the Boston banks of more than $1,000,000. An increase of deposits in New York of more than $2,000,000, and in Boston of more than $2,000,000. An increase of legal tenders in New York of $5,000,000 in Boston of nearly $1,000,000. The increase of specie in the New York banks was $5,000,000. The reduction of the circulation of the United States deposits have been virtually withdrawn from the banks of those two cities, only about $1,000 remaining in New York, and $7,000 in Boston.

VIRGINIA.

The election in Virginia takes place on Thursday. Everybody concedes the adoption of the constitution by a large majority. With the two prominent classes omitted but, there is nothing on which to found a safe conjecture as to the result. The Republicans claim the State by 40,000 majority, and the Conservatives claim by about 30,000, and both are confident. Each party is sanguine of success, and each is equally bold. General Canby has declared that the election shall be fair and peaceable, and the Republicans feel confident that the registration will secure to them a majority of the Legislature that will reorganize the State Government soon by the President. In the event of his days after this election President will probably order those for Mississippi and Texas. Then he is going to take another vacation.

PACIFIC RAILROAD REPORTS.

The Pacific Railroad Report of General Warren and Mr. Wilson is confined to a statement of the condition of the last eighty-six miles of the Union Pacific line. That portion is under what difficulties it was built, and assert that under all the circumstances the work was exceedingly well done. They state that the road was completed by the Government and the issuance of bonds as usual. They also state that the road is now put in first-rate order, and that the company are pushing the work to the end with speed and energy. The Commissioners have taken great pains to make evidence from all persons who have any interest whatever in the matter, and the report is now in the possession of Mr. Borie, and consequently all the information made by him with the United States Government for possession or use of the same may be had readily.

The American Steamer Hero still remains at Kingston.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 4.

CUBAN SYMPATHY.

Cubans in New York are arranging a series of concerts, beginning the middle of July, in aid of the Cuban cause. The proceeds will be sent in contributions to make up for losses in the recent expeditions.

ESCORTS, THE BOMBER.

The friends of Ketchum, the forger, say that the prisoner has been subpœnaed to appear before the Judge Advocate's Court-Martial, which the Judge Advocate's Court-Martial, which the Judge Advocate's Court-Martial, which

The Tribune.

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MONDAY, JULY 5, 1869.

THE POWELL EXPEDITION.

Our first impression of the story of certain of Major Powell and his companions, though made by the detail of information set from Springfield on Friday night, was rather strengthened than otherwise by a careful examination of that statement, and is now confirmed by the assertion of the Times of yesterday morning, that Mrs. Powell has received a letter from her husband, dated Green River City, May 24, seven days subsequent to the village palaver-trophy. If there be no mistake on this point there can be no question of the falsehood of Kinney's tale; but, even if there be no positive evidence of that sort, the mere narrative bears upon its face certain marks of self-condemnatory which may, perhaps, be susceptible of explanation, but which, until explained, justly guide it as to its truth. It is well known that Major Powell went with his boats built under his own instruction, especially calculated, as he believed, for the dangerous navigation of the Colorado. No such boats, indeed, he had established it, but that some have been before they were fairly tried, for it is well known the Colorado River is, above the Big Black, a plain channel of sluggish stream, where the boats of this locality would have had no test whatever of their fitness for the purpose for which they were constructed. Whether the side of disaster, or that of success, is worthy of selection for a National Capital. The iron hills around Cincinnati are romantic

beautiful for habitual country residence, and the wealth of the living are of sufficient public spirit to make them great commercial affairs which shall be somewhat in contest with the position of Chicago in connection with the interests of the whole country. Chicago is the natural focus of the great grain-growing region of the West, and is destined to be the largest city in the world. Its commercial importance is already second to that of New York, and it

EUROPE.

France.

PARIS, July 3.

Portugal.

Spain.

Italy.

Austria.

Prussia.

Switzerland.

Turkey.

Egypt.

Mexico.

Central America.

South America.

Asia.

Africa.

Australia.

Miscellaneous.

THE WEATHER.

Signal Service Bulletin.

Chicago, Ill.

KANSAS CITY.

Completion of the Bridge Across the Missouri — A Great Gathering — Speeches by General McClernand, Col. Kidder and Others — Barbecue &c.

MADISON.

Mass Council of July.

ST. LOUIS.

Protracted Heavy Rainfall — Disastrous Effects — Imports Duties — Latest from the Upper Missouri — Indian Troubles — River Lore, &c.

SPRINGFIELD.

Receipts of the State Treasury — The Militia Actions for the Mind — Wool Clip — Commissioner — Major Hay — Fourth of July — Strike of Railroad Hands.

DES MOINES.

Accident — Two Men Killed — Two Passengers Severely Hurt.

MEMPHIS.

Steamboat Explosion and Alarm and Excitement.

BLOOMINGTON.

Major Powell Exploring Party — Their Reported Loss Probably a Mistake — Safety of the Party — Homeward Journey.

TERRIBLE TORNADO.

Sun County, Town, Visited by a Frantic Storm — Disastrous Effects — Wreck Destroyed &c. &c.

OTTAWA.

Trial of Parties Charged with Conducting — Trial for Arson.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OTTAWA, July 1.

The case of The People vs. William J. Martin, a charge of uttering counterfeit money, has now day before the court, when the trial lasting over two days. The prosecution is conducted by State's Attorney Blanchard, and the prisoner was defended by Messrs. Hitchcock & Hitchcock.

The principal witness for the prosecution was Smith, from whom the prisoner was tried was for uttering a counterfeit 50 greenback in one Rockwood, on the forenoon of the 4th day of November, 1868, knowing it to be counterfeit.

There were several other indictments of a similar character, but the trial was had upon this one, and on the testimony given in this case a guilty verdict was rendered in the other cases.

Martin stood in the midst of a number of his friends, many of whom were present to conduct a defense, and also to cater to his wants. He was a man of about forty-five years of age, and a resident of Ottawa for a number of years. Previous to his residence in this neighborhood he resided in Chicago, where he had been engaged in the business of a horse dealer, stringer, and a Mrs. Thomas, who resided in Ottawa, and who, it is said, was intended to be one of his victims.

Martin was arrested on the 4th of November, 1868, by Deputy Sheriff Hall, and was taken before Justice Hall, where he was examined, and bound over to the Circuit Court in the sum of $1,000. He was unable to procure bail, and was committed to the county jail, where he remained until the time of his trial.

Martin's counsel, Messrs. Hitchcock & Hitchcock, made a very able defense, and the jury, after being out about two hours, returned a verdict of guilty.

Martin's counsel moved for a new trial, which was overruled, and he was sentenced to the penitentiary for the term of one year.

FOND DU LAC.

Celebration of the Fourth on the Third — Oration by Hon. Matt H. Carpenter.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., July 5.

The celebration of the Fourth was a grand success. Thousands of people came in from the surrounding country and city. The procession was a large one, representing a great variety of trades and occupations. The speech of Hon. Matt Carpenter was the event of the day. He said the first point was the universality of political principles. What the doctrines of Christianity are to religion, the principles and doctrines of the Declaration of Independence are to the political world. Its doctrines are applicable to that time, on account of the promises made to our nation. Its doctrines are applicable to our nation to-day. Its doctrines are applicable to all time, on account of the promises made to our nation. Its doctrines are applicable to all time, on account of the promises made to our nation. Its doctrines are applicable to all time, on account of the promises made to our nation.

GENEVA.

The National Horse Show — The Races — For Supposed Murder, &c.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

GENEVA, Ill., July 5.

The racing commenced at Geneva at about 3 p. m. to-day. The track has been put in splendid order, and was crowded to the nearest to four minutes, during which time Golden Gate and Gallatin Tales' Cowboy won in 2:37. The second race was for horses who have never trotted for three minutes, during which time Gallatin won in 2:34. The third race was for the best two in three. Five horses started, viz: Gallatin, Gallatin Maid, Lady Fisher and Lady Ingraham, and three heats were trotted. The first heat was won by Lady Fisher in 2:37, Lady Ingraham coming in the second late, and the others scattering. The second heat was won by Gallatin in 2:34, Lady Fisher coming in second, and Lady Ingraham third. The third heat was won by Gallatin in 2:34, Lady Fisher coming in second, and Lady Ingraham third.

About 500 persons were in attendance to-day. The rain stopped further proceedings. This will probably close the fair, which has been a success, owing to the unpleasant weather.

The dead body of Mr. Alexander Moore, was found near the railroad track at Blackberry Station this morning. It is supposed that he was murdered, as he had trouble yesterday with a man. The murderer has not yet been found. The body has been run over. An investigation will be had at once.

KALAMAZOO.

Celebration of the "Fourth" — An Immense Crowd and a Good Time — Balloon Ascension a Failure — Narrow Escape, &c.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

KALAMAZOO, July 5.

An immense crowd, variously estimated at from 20,000 or 30,000, was present in the celebration here to-day. The weather was unrelenting, but no rain. About fifty soldiers of the war of 1812 were in the procession, which was preceded by the Peninsular Commandery, No. 6 of Knights Templar, which passed through the principal streets. An oration was by Colonel T. M. Palmer, of Madison, Indiana.

The balloon ascension of Professor Lamartine was a conspicuous failure. The gas was poor, the apparatus proved insufficient, which delayed the ascension until a late hour. He finally got off, however, but was wrecked on the spire of St. Luke's (Episcopal) Church, the balloon collapsed, and now hangs from the cross of the church, a perfect wreck. By the accident the professor was unharmed. The crowd, though greatly disappointed, is still jubilant, attending the dance in Brewer's to-night.

The heavy rains continue, and the waters are unprecedentedly high. Great loss is apprehended.

OMAHA.

Shields' Pre-emption Case — The Fourth, &c.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OMAHA, July 5.

Shields' pre-emption case, now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, was adjusted to-day by mutual consent. Both parties to the suit were invested being wintin the city limits, entered at over a year hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

General Sully arrived here yesterday and will remain a few days.

Direct advices report that the deterioration there to-day was reported by all classes of citizens. Members of the U. S. R. and Pawnee Scouts ordered home on the occasion. The session was unusually quiet and orderly.

The United States Branch Mint, at Denver, reports the amount of bullion turned out the first year ending June 30 is more than twice the amount required for the first year, and still increasing.

The Germans celebrate to-morrow, by a grand picnic near the city, the proceeds to be devoted to German schools.

DETROIT.

The Powell Expedition — Letter from Mrs. Powell — Hudson & Styles Not in Any Connection with the Expedition is Concerned.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, July 5.

The following letter from Mrs. Powell, residing a short time in this city, was received by Mr. Powell, of this city, to-day. Mrs. Powell has been with her family for the past two years, and being fearful of danger for her husband, left this city for Green River City, Wyoming Territory, to be near her husband, and to be ready to meet him on his return. The letter is dated at Green River City, June 20, 1869:

[illegible] days for the purpose of nominating Mr. Pierrel. It is but just to say that Mr. Pierrel stated that he was not a candidate, and would not accept. The meeting was held in a very quiet manner, and nothing of importance was transacted. The subject being admitted.

A very bitter feeling exists on the part of many of the Democratic leaders, who openly declare that they will not support the ticket nominated, and will do all in their power to defeat it. It is said probable that a bolting ticket will be put in the field for the Democratic candidates. This respectable Democratic element is also reported as considering the propriety of nominating independent candidates for Congress, and will probably soon call to hold a meeting on Saturday.

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THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Statement of the Public Debt of the United States on the 1st day of July, 1869.

Debt Bearing Coin Interest.

Authority for Issue.	Character of Issue.	Rate of Interest.	When Payable.	Amount Outstanding.	Interest Due and Unpaid.	Total Principal and Interest.
March 3, 1863	Bonds	6 P. C.	Coupon	$18,000,000		$18,000,000
March 3, 1863	Bonds, 5-20s	6 P. C.	Coupon	75,000,000		75,000,000
March 3, 1863	Bonds, 5-20s	6 P. C.	Coupon	50,000,000		50

THE PULPIT.

Fourth of July Sermon by Rev. James Demarest, Jr.

The Oribodox Hell.

Rev. G. T. Flanders Reviews Rev. C. M. Tyler.

Free Religion, Etc.

THE FOURTH.

The following sermon, appropriate to our national holiday, was preached yesterday forenoon by Rev. James Demarest, Jr., of the church on Union Park, corner Ann. Rev. Mr. Demarest took his text from Psalms 144:15—Happy is that people whose God is the Lord—and said:

THE SERMON.

I have not a thought worth, nor need, to be more than a brief text of words, for the purpose of giving a theme for a meditation. Perhaps that grave is to stand for a model, by reminding the general reader of the great events of the past. In this the Jewish nation is eminent, and its system is pedagogical. For example, will I begin this sermon with a text from Exodus?

Ex. 12:14—And this day shall be unto you for a memorial; and ye shall keep it a feast to the Lord throughout your generations; ye shall keep it a feast by an ordinance for ever.

Just how far the contrasting of our national life with that of Israel is permissible, I shall not undertake at this time to say. There is always danger in the application of the principles of a theocracy, under special principles and relations, to a republic. We have no Moses to lead us, no Aaron to be our priest, no Joshua to be our leader, and surely no Jehovah to be our God, except in the sense in which He is the God of all peoples. But the great maxim of the Church, we are accustomed to say, is that what is true of the individual is true of the nation, and what is true of the nation is true of the individual. Now, if this be true, it would seem that the nation, as a nation, is to be judged by the principles of truth and righteousness which are applied to the individual. And if this be the ground for the expectation that I want, in the text, to find a principle which shall be applicable to the life of this people. We have started on We started, and we have got to go on. We have started on a great journey, and we have got to go to the end of it. To adopt the language of the text, we are a people whose God is the Lord, and God, because we have chosen Him, has chosen us for His own inheritance.

In this sense, while for us to go back from our existence to our earliest history to have our Fourth of July orations become each year more Monmouth like, is unwise. Other nations, too, are entitled to our sympathy. Other nations, as well as ourselves, have had their days of struggle for life, and have had their days of victory. The French Republic is so pressed by the consolidation of the German Empire that it is in danger of losing its life. Let us not be ashamed to sympathize with those who are struggling out of what we have left behind them, and who are struggling into what we have attained. Let us not be afraid of attempting to do for others what we have done for ourselves. Let us not be afraid of extending our sympathy, a national heritage in which we have been trained, to those who are struggling for it. Let us not be afraid to help others to enter into what we have found. In this spirit we may well celebrate the Fourth of July. It is not only useful every year to look back upon it, to be taught over by that great lesson of the fathers, the solemn warning, the sobering memory, the inspiring hope of the past, but it is well for us to go forward to the future, to look